J. Y. Interpretation No.39 (August 27, 1954) *

ISSUE: Shall the right to claim for the funds lodged with the court be subject to the period of prescription as provided in Article 125 of Civil Code?

RELEVANT LAWS:

Article 125 of the Civil Code (民法第一百二十五條); the Lodgment Act (提存法); Interpretation Yuan-je Tzu No. 3239 (司法院院解字第三二三九號解釋).

KEYWORDS:

Distribution of funds (款項發還), statute of limitation (時 效).**

HOLDING: For various kinds of funds that should be returned to [different] parties involved in the litigations in accordance with law but remain unclaimed after the issuance of a summons or deadline-imposed public notice, while courts must maintain the safety and find ways to refund in accordance with Interpretation Yuan-je Tze No. 3239, it is nevertheless subject to the prescription in accordance

解釋文:依法應予發還當事人 各種案款,經傳案及限期通告後仍無人 具領者,依本院院解字第三二三九號解 釋,固應由法院保管設法發還。惟此項 取回提存物之請求權提存法既未設有規 定,自應受民法第一百二十五條消滅時 效規定之限制。

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with Article 125 of the Civil Code, since the Lodgment Act is silent on the right to request the return of lodged subject matter.